# **Emaris butterfly valves**

DN 50 up to 300 mm

# **Technical manual**







### **Description**

A product which is simple but rich in technology, essential in the chain of fluid circulation. Technical alignment with the component parts of the installation and the fluids conveyed, reliability and a high level of safety are the essential features provided by our butterfly valves.

## **Emaris butterfly valves**

DN 50 up to 300 mm (DN350 upto 900 mm, available on request)

- Available in tapped lug version
- Vertical and horizontal mounting of the shaft
- Easy access to the packing gland without removing the actuator
- Tightness seal in RTFE 15% graphite
- Reliable technology: no need of spring or tightness bearing



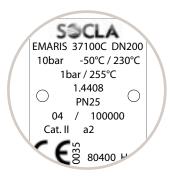
- > Body with long neck and integrated arcade, designed to allow insulation.
- > Excellent dynamic tightness due to easy adjustment of the packing gland.
- > Direct mounting of the actuators on an integrated arcade with large normalised surface.
- > Safety anti-ejection circlip keeps shaft in place



- > Excellent guiding and centring of the shaft due to anti-friction bearings
  - > Double-direction butterfly valve
- > Easy-directional maintenance due to a simple design to avoid any mistake by mounting the seal.
- > Assembly of the guide plate by screws ensuring an easy access to the seal.
- > The external tightness allows a security at the lower shaft way thanks to the o-ring.



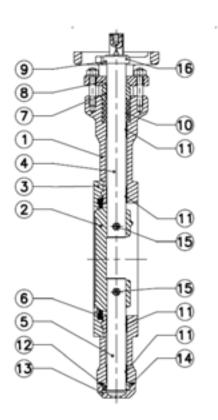
- > Body : Full range of mounting thanks to centring lug with multiple connections
- > Fixation of the guide plate outside of the seal bearing which guarantees an optimal tightness on the flange
  - > Disc : long life durability due to double off set disc operating principle minimizing seat wear
    - > Low torque values
  - > Tightness zone extended out of the shaft way.



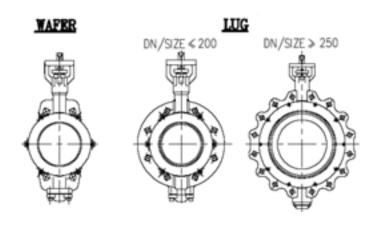
> Identification and traceability ensured by riveted metal tag : see page 10



### Spare parts list and materials







N°	Description	Nb	Materials	EN
1	Body	1 -	Carbon steel	1.0619 / A216 WCB
'	bouy	ļ	Stainless steel	1.4408 / A351 CF8M
2	Disc	1	Stainless steel	1.4408 / A351 CF8M
3	Seat ring	1 -	Carbon steel	1.0619 / A216 WCB
3	Seat fing	Į -	Stainless steel	1.4408 / A351 CF8M
4	Upper stem	1	Stainless steel	1.4021 / A276 Gd420
5	Lower stem	1	Stainless steel	1.4542 / A564 Gd630
6	Seat	1	Standard : RTFE 15% Graphite	
7	Packing gland	1	Stainless steel	1.4307
0	Gland follower	1 -	Carbon steel	1.1149
8	Giarid follower	, -	Stainless steel	1.4401
9	Travel stop	1	Stainless steel	1.4306
10	Packing	4 to 6	Graphite	
	Desire	4	Carbon steel + PTFE	
11	Bearing	4 -	Stainless steel + PTFE	
12	Disc locating shoulder	1	Stainless steel	1.4307
	0		Carbon steel	1.0619 / A216 WCB
13	Cover	1 -	Stainless steel	1.4408 / A351 CF8M
14	Bottom seal	1	Graphite / PTFE 25% glass	
15	Pin	1	Stainless steel	1.4404
-10	Oineline	-	Carbon steel	
16	Circlips	1 -	Stainless steel	



### **Normalisation**

**DESIGN** 

**CONNECTING FLANGES** (see on page 9 and 10)

According to EN 1092-1 and EN1092-2: PN10-16-25-40

ASME/ANSI B16.5: ASA 150 and 300

### According to EN 593 and marking according to EN 19

ISO TOP CONNECTION FOR ACTUATIONS

According to EN ISO 5211

### **FACE TO FACE**

According to

558 series 20 ISO 5752 series 20 API 609 table 2 Class 300

#### **TESTS**

According to EN12266-1

- Resistance and tightness of the body (directive PED 2014/68/UE): test P11 (1,5 x allowable operating pressure).
- Tightness of the seat: test P12 rate A (1,1 x allowable operating pressure).

According to EN12266-2

• Anti-static design : test F21

#### **EUROPEAN DIRECTIVES**

Our butterfly valves are in accordance to the safety requirements of the following directives. :

#### · Directive 2014/68/UE: Equipments under pressure PED (Pressure Equipment Directive)

Applies to the design, manufacturing and the assessment of the conformity of pressure equipment, the maximum allowable pressure of which is 0.5 bar.

Pressure equipment for water supply, distribution, and disposal of water is excluded. Depending on the type of pressure equipment, maximum allowable temperature (PS), DN, physical nature of the fluid (liquid, gas or vapour) and the degree of danger of the fluid (group1/2)\*, the directive classifies this same equipment into different categories (article 3.3, I, II, III, IV), required for the assessment of conformity with CE marking. The equipment defined in article 3.3 of the directive must not bear the CE marking.

(\*) Group 1: according to rule CE 1272/2008.

Group 2: all other fluids.

Important notice: the indicated pressure for the different categories of fluids (L1/L2/G1/G2) is under no condition a guarantee of use. Therefore, it is essential to validate the use of products under given operating conditions. Social is not responsible for alteration of the products to working conditions not previously specified by the customer.

#### Directive 2014/34/UE: ATEX (EXplosive ATmospheres)

This directive is only applicable for the following atmospheric conditions :  $-20^{\circ}\text{C} < T < +60^{\circ}\text{C}$ ; 0,8 bar  $\leq P \leq$  1,2 bar.

In this risk analysis, the fluid which passes through the valve is not taken into account. It is under the responsibility of the user to take into consideration the risks generated by the fluid like: heating of the surface of the valve, internal chocks generated by granulates, wave of chocks due to the installation (water hammering), or the risks due to foreign bodies which are inside the installation.

Classification of the bare shaft valve : The marking of the bare shaft valve is : ( I 2 DG.

Classification of the set valve + actuation :

- Valve with a hand lever: The use of hand levers produced by Socla within a ATEX area do not represent additional risks. The valve with a hand lever is in conformity to the marking: (Ex.) II 2 DG.
- Valve with other actuations: The classification of the valve + actuation supplied by Socla is similar to the lowest classification of the components which composed the assembly.

No additional marking will be used to indicate the classification of the assembly.

If a single element of the combination does not carry the ATEX mark, then the entire valve/control combination does not conform to the ATEX directive The classification of the equipment allows its use in a determinate area; an use in another area is under the responsibility of the user.

#### Directive 2006/42/CE: Machinery Directive

In its Appendix I it sets a certain number of Essential Health and Safety Requirements which must be met. It applies to motorised butterfly valves, (with electric, pneumatic or hydraulic actuators). According to this Directive, these sets are "Partly Completed Machineries" designed for being integrated into a machine.

"Partly Completed Machinery" means an assembly which is almost machinery but which cannot in itself perform a specific application. A drive system is partly completed machinery. Partly completed machinery is only intended to be incorporated into or assembled with other machinery or other partly completed machinery or equipment, thereby forming machinery to which this Directive applies.

An instruction notice specifying the installation characteristics and the commission of the Emaris is added to every product; it is available on our web site www.socla.com or on request by our sales department.



### **Pressure**

#### **DIRECTIVE 2014/68/UE EQUIPMENTS UNDER PRESSURE**

Products manufactured in conformity with the requirements of the directive, according to pressure, DN and fluid (see on the precedent page).

	LINERS	DN mm	Cat.	MOUNTING	PFA	PS				
	LINERS	DN IIIII	Cat.	MOUNTING	PFA	L1	L2	G1	G2	
40 bar			II	Flanges	40	25	40	25	25	
	RTFE		- 1	End of line	40	18	18	18	18	
25 bar			II	Flanges	25	25	25	25	25	
20 Dai		50	- 1	End of line	25	18	18	18	18	
16 bar	15% graphite	up to 300	II	Flanges	16	16	16	16	16	
10 Dai		300	- 1	End of line	16	16	16	16	16	
10 bar			II	Flanges	10	10	10	10	10	
10 bar			- 1	End of line	10	10	10	10	10	

NOTE: Butterfly valves of category II used as «end of line», please consult us.

**PS**: Maximum allowable pressure (in bar) according to Directive 2014/68/UE

**PFA**: Allowable operating pressure (in bar) for supply, distribution and disposal of water.

### Installation

#### General remarks:

For safety reasons, the installation must take place under the supervision of authorised people taking account of local safety instructions and advice.

The handling of butterfly valves and their controls must be done by staff trained in all technical aspects of their operation.

Before installation, the pipes must be depressurised and purged (empty of its fluid) in order to avoid any danger to the operator.

The pipe work must be correctly aligned so that no extra stress is exerted on the valve casing.

In ATEX zone, check that the pipes are connected to the earth. Do not use insulating pipes (PVC....)

Check the compatibility of the connection flanges against the operating pressure: the PN number of the flanges must be greater or equal to the operating pressure.

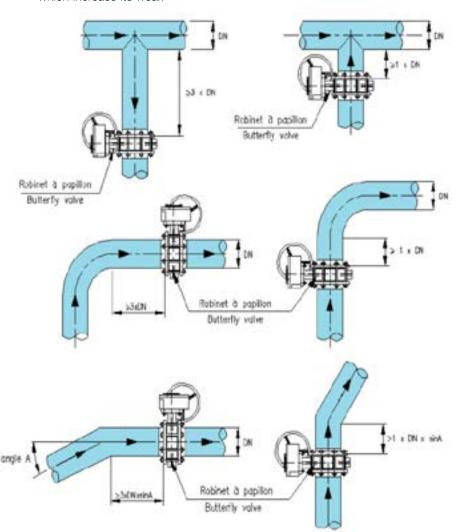
The valve is a machined piece of equipment and must not be used to prise apart the flanges.

An instruction notice specifying the installation characteristics and the commission of the Emaris is added to every product. It is available on our web site www.socla.com or on request by our sales department.

#### Installation conditions:

It is recommended that the distances mentioned below be respected in order to prolong the life time of the valve.

Mounting the valve close to pipe work junctions places it in turbulent zones which increase its wear.





# **Application**

- Any application requiring the use of butterfly valve with double off set disc and fluid controls up to 50 bar pressure and temperatures from -50°C till +220°C for stainless steal body and from -29°C till +220°C for cast iron body.
- Application fields: Steam, district heating, geothermal, industrial processes and refrigeration, pumping, offshore, ship buildings, sugar processing industry, petrochemical, nuclear, paper industry, etc...

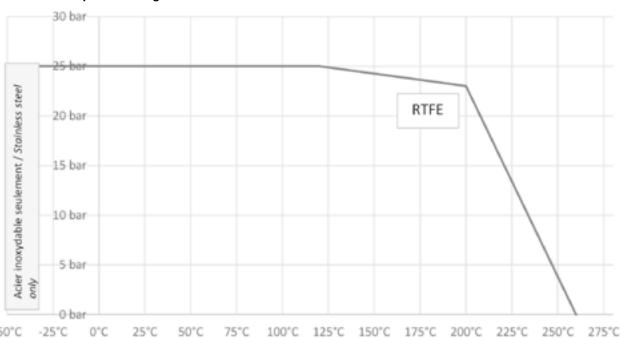
# **Functionning characteristics**

### **Torque values**

DN	TORQUES	PS10	PS16	PS25	PS40
50	F07/11	27	27	27	36
65	F07/11	33	33	33	44
80	F07/11	38	45	45	60
100	F10/14	62	73	73	96
125	F10/14	97	115	115	150
150	F10/19	143	170	170	221
200	F10/19	265	320	320	416
250	F12/27	390	480	480	620
300	F12/27	595	720	720	920

NOTE: One actuation minimum per month.

### Pressure/temperature diagram





### Flow rate (Kv)

			OPEN	NING S	TAGE			
DN	20°	30	40°	50°	60°	70	80°	90°
50	5	14	25	37	50	70	95	115
65	9	25	41	64	93	130	180	210
80	19	42	62	98	149	213	274	320
100	37	70	116	174	244	328	442	500
125	61	115	190	285	400	538	725	820
150	72	126	210	342	520	786	1050	1200
200	137	241	364	574	893	1389	1986	2300
250	180	368	612	1005	1503	2182	3012	3600
300	265	521	981	1548	2254	3232	4250	5200

Kv = volume of water in m3/h through a valve at a preset opening stage and under a head loss of 1 bar. The butterfly valve is not the best product for regulating

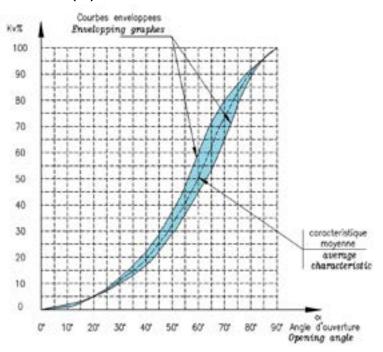
Nevertheless, the Emaris butterfly valve can be used to regulate by an opening stage between 20° and 90°.

A regulation in the opening stage lower than  $20^{\circ}$  is not advisable because of over speed, cavitation effect, which could damage prematurely the valve.

The maximum flow velocity of the fluid through the valve is defined according to NF  $\rm EN~593$ 

For gas and and pulverulent or paste fluids: please onsult us.

### Flow rate (Kv)

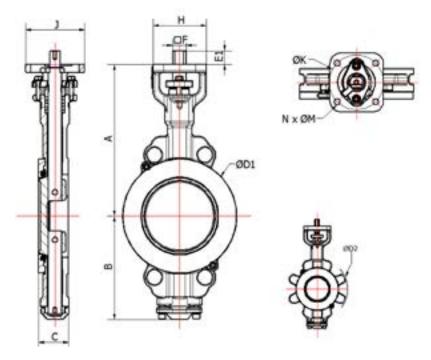


### Simplified formula to calculate the pressure drop of the valve ( $\Delta p$ )

Perte de charge dans un robinet Heodloss in the volve	ĸv	Fluides incompressibles incompressible fluids		
$\Delta P < \frac{P_1}{2}$ $P_2 > \frac{P_1}{2}$	KV	$= \frac{Q}{31.6} \sqrt{\frac{\varrho_1}{\Delta P}}$	$= \frac{Q}{514} \sqrt{\frac{g_W \cdot T}{\Delta P \cdot P_2}}$	
$\Delta P > \frac{P_1}{2}$ $P_2 < \frac{P_1}{2}$		-31,6VAP	$=\frac{Z.\psi_N}{514.P_\parallel}\sqrt{\psi_N.T}$	KV: flow coefficient of the volve Q: flow in m*/h ΔP: headloss for the valve in bar P <sub>2</sub> : Upstream absolute pressure in bar Q: flow in standard conditions (6°C, 760 mm HG) m*/h T: absolute temperature of the fluid "K q <sub>1</sub> : specific weight of the fluid (Kg/m) q <sub>N</sub> : specific weight in standard conditions



# **Overall dimensions**



DN	A	В	С	ØD1	ØD2	SQU	ARE		TOP F	LANGE			5211 5210	WEI	
						E1	F	N°	Н	J	К	N	М	WAFER	LUG
50	175	102	43	97	153	25,5	11	F07	70	80	70	4	9	3,9	4,6
65	191	116	46	117	173	25,5	11	F07	70	80	70	4	9	5	7,1
80	197	122	46	130	190	25,5	11	F07	70	80	70	4	9	5,4	7,9
100	233	149	52	158	225	25,5	14	F10	100	100	102	4	11	9,1	11,6
125	245	160	56	188	261	25,5	14	F10	100	100	102	4	11	11	14,9
150	283	193	56	212	294	25,5	19	F10	100	110	102	4	11	15,7	20,1
200	307	217	60	267	365	25,5	19	F10	100	110	102	4	14	21,9	33,7
250	371	254	68	321	420	36	27	F12	132	140	125	4	14	37,1	51,6
300	399	302	78	372	476	36	27	F12	132	140	125	4	14	54	87



# **Connecting flanges**

The Emaris butterfly valve can be mounted with the following connections (other types on request):

✓: possible mounting■: impossible mounting

### **Centring lugs**

DN	NPS			ISO 7005	& EN 1092		ASME/AI	NSI B16.5	JIS B2210			
		PN6	PN10	PN16	PN25	PN40	Class 150	Class 300	10K	16K	20K	
50	2"		~	~	~	~	~	~	<b>V</b>	~	<b>V</b>	
65	2" 1/2		~	~	~	~	~	~	<b>v</b>	~	<b>v</b>	
80	3"	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	<b>v</b>	~	<b>v</b>	
100	4"		V	~	~	~	<b>✓</b>	<b>'</b>		~	~	
125	5"		~	~	~	~	~	·	~	~	~	
150	6"		~	~	~	~	~	~	<b>V</b>	~	<b>V</b>	
200	8"		~	~	~	~	~	~	<b>v</b>	~	<b>V</b>	
250	10"		~	~	~	~	~	~	<b>v</b>	~	<b>v</b>	
300	12"	~	~	~	~	~	<b>V</b>	V	~	~	~	

### **Tapped lugs**

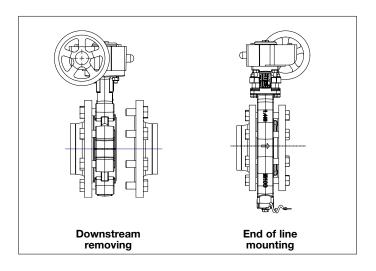
DN	NPS			ISO 7005	& EN 1092		ASME/AN	NSI B16.5	JIS B2210			
		PN6	PN10	PN16	PN25	PN40	Class 150	Class 300	10K	16K	20K	
50	2"		V	~	~	~	<b>V</b>		~	~	~	
65	2" 1/2		<b>'</b>	~	~	~	~		<b>&gt;</b>	~	<b>✓</b>	
80	3"	~	~	~	~	~	<b>V</b>					
100	4"		~	~	~	~	<b>~</b>			~	~	
125	5"		~	~	~	~	~		<b>&gt;</b>	~	~	
150	6"		V	·	~	~	~		<b>&gt;</b>	~	~	
200	8"		V	~	~	~	<b>V</b>		~	~	~	
250	10"		~	~	~	~	<b>V</b>		<b>V</b>	~	<b>V</b>	
300	12"	~	V	~	~	~	<b>V</b>		~	~	<b>V</b>	

ATTENTION: the Emaris lug type body is not a multi-connection body (connection to many flanges of different sizes). Generally, every connection relates to a different reference of finished products.

### End of line mounting and downstream removing

The end of line mounting and the downstream removing, at ambient temperature, of the Emaris butterfly valve is limited to the pressure mentioned on page 5 according to the PED directive 2014/68/UE.

These mountings are only possible on tapped lugs bodies.



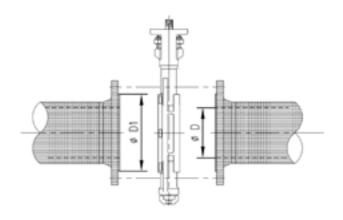


### Type of flange

The Emaris butterfly valve has been designed to be mounted on standard flanges. Only standard flanges type 11, 21 and 34 according to EN 1092 are quite compatible.

For other types of flanges, refer to the table below.

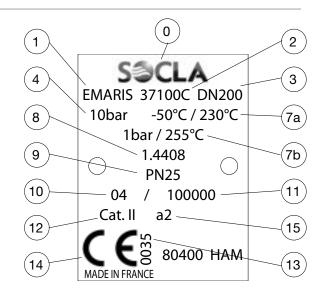
Non appropriate connections will cancel our guarantee.



DN	Ø D mini	Ø D maxi	Ø D1 mini					
50	49							
65	59							
80	74							
100	97	In accordance with						
125	122	ISO 70 EN1759 / E						
150	146	ANSI B16.5 / AI						
200	194	-						
250	243							
300	289							

# Tag and traceability

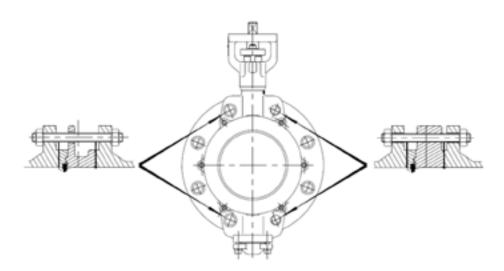
N°	Description
0	Manufacturer
1	Name of the valve
2	SOCLA reference
3	Nominal diameter
4	Pressure PS in bar
7a	PS temperature limit
7b	Pressure-temperature extrem limit
8	Body material
9	Connection
10	Year of manufacturing order
11	Number of manufacturing order
12	DESP category
13	Notified organism number
14	CE marking
15	a2 marking – antistatic conception





# **Bolts and nuts**

Note: Bolts and nuts are not part of our standard supply



			DN 50			DN 65			DN 80			DN 100			DN 125		
		Bolt size	Nb	L	Bolt size	Nb	L	Bolt size	Nb	L	Bolt size	Nb	L	Bolt size	Nb	L	
	PN10	M16	4	120	M16	4	120	M16	8	120	M16	8	130	M16	8	130	
ISO	PN16	M16	4	120	M16	4	120	M16	8	120	M16	8	130	M16	8	130	
7005-1	PN25	M16	4	120	M16	8	120	M16	8	130	M20	8	150	M24	8	150	
	PN40	M16	4	120	M16	8	120	M16	8	130	M20	8	150	M24	8	150	
	PN20	M16	4	120	M16	4	120	M16	4	130	M16	8	130	M20	8	150	
EN1759 B16.5	CI150	5/8"	4	120	5/8"	4	120	5/8"	4	130	5/8"	8	130	3/4"	8	150	
B16.47-A	PN50	M16	8	120	M20	8	130	M20	8	150	M20	8	150	M20	8	170	
	Cl300	5/8"	8	120	3/4"	8	130	3/4"	8	150	3/4"	8	150	3/4"	8	170	
	JIS10K	M16	4	135	M16	4	140	M16	8	140	M16	8	150	M20	8	165	
_	JS16K	M16	8	135	M16	8	140	M20	8	155	M20	8	165	M22	8	170	
	JIS20K	M16	8	135	M16	8	145	M20	8	160	M20	8	170	M22	8	180	

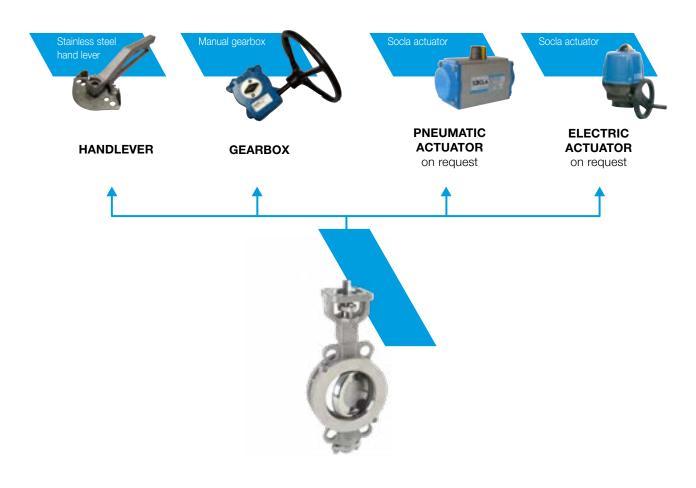
		ı	ON 150		I	DN 200			ON 250		DN 300			
		Bolt size	Nb	L	Bolt size	Nb	L	Bolt size	Nb	L	Bolt size	Nb	L	
	PN10	M20	8	150	M20	12	150	M20	12	170	M20	12	170	
ISO 7005-1	PN16	M20	8	150	M20	12	150	M24	12	170	M24	12	190	
	PN25	M24	8	170	M24	12	170	M27	12	200	M27	16	200	
	PN40	M24	8	170	M27	12	180	M30	12	240	M30	16	240	
	PN20	M20	8	150	M20	8	170	M24	12	180	M24	12	180	
EN1759 B16.5	Cl150	3/4"	8	150	3/4"	8	170	7/8"	12	180	7/8"	12	180	
B16.47-A	PN50	M20	12	170	M24	12	190	M27	16	220	M30	16	240	
	Cl300	3/4"	12	170	7/8"	12	190	1"	16	220	1 1/8"	16	240	
	JIS10K	M20	8	170	M20	12	175	M22	16	195	M22	16	205	
JIS B2210	JS16K	M22	12	175	M22	12	185	M24	16	205	M24	16	220	
	JIS20K	M22	12	185	M22	12	195	M24	16	215	M24	16	230	

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### **Actuations**

### Find below the different standard assembly combinations.

For any other information, please ask our technical Department.



The descriptions and photographs contained in this product specification sheet are supplied by way of information only and are not binding. Socia reserves the right to carry out any technical and design improvements to its products without prior notice. Warranty: All sales and contracts for sale are expressly conditioned on the buyer's assent to Socia terms and conditions found on its website at www.socia.com. Socia hereby objects to any term, different from or additional to Socia terms, contained in any buyer communication in any form, unless agreed to in a writing signed by an officer of Socia.



#### Socla sas

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